G20 Leaders' Conclusions on Africa 2008-2010

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Year	# of Words	% of Total Words	# of Paragraphs	% of Total Paragraphs	# of Documents	% of Total Documents	# of Dedicated Documents
2008 Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2009 London*	131	2.1	2	2.2	2	66.7	0
2009 Pittsburgh	227	2.5	3	2.8	1	100	0
2010 Toronto*	324	2.9	6	4.2	1	50	0
2010 Seoul	631	4.0	10	4.6	3	60	0
Average	262.6	2.3	4.2	2.8	1.4	55.3	0

Summary of Conclusions on Africa in G20 Leaders' Documents

Notes:

Data are drawn from all official English-language documents released by the G20 leaders as a group. Charts are excluded.

"# of Words" is the number of Africa-related subjects for the year specified, excluding document titles and references. Words are calculated by paragraph because the paragraph is the unit of analysis.

"% of Total Words" refers to the total number of words in all documents for the year specified.

"# of Paragraphs" is the number of paragraphs containing references to Africa for the year specified. Each point is recorded as a separate paragraph.

"% of Total Paragraphs" refers to the total number of paragraphs in all documents for the year specified.

"# of Documents" is the number of documents that contain Africa subjects and excludes dedicated documents.

"% of Total Documents" refers to the total number of documents for the year specified.

"# of Dedicated Documents" is the number of documents for the year that contains an Africa-related subject in the title.

* Meeting in addition to scheduled annual meeting.

Introduction

"Africa" includes all direct references to the geographic continent and its component regions, countries and international organizations, across all substantive issue areas from finance and economics through social and development issues to political security. The key criterion is a direct reference. This document includes passages in which Africa is referred directly to along with other regions.

Definition

The 55 African countries included in this report are: Gabon Nigeria Algeria Gambia Angola Reunion Benin Ghana Rwanda Guinea Bissau Botswana Burkina Faso Guinea Senegal Burundi Ivory Coast Kenva Cameroon Cape Verde Lesotho Somalia Liberia Central African Rep Chad Sudan Libya Madagascar Comoros Malawi Tanzania Congo Democratic Republic of Mali Togo Congo (Zaire) Mauritania Tunisia Djibouti Mauritius Uganda Egypt Morocco **Equatorial Guinea** Mozambique Zambia Namibia Eritrea Ethiopia Niger

Nigeria Reunion Rwanda São Tomé and Principe Senegal Seychelles Sierra Leone Somalia South Africa Sudan Swaziland Tanzania Togo Tunisia Uganda Western Sahara Zambia Zimbabwe

Search Terms

The following keywords were used for this report.

Inclusions

Africa, African Agricultural and Technology Foundation, Africa Capacity Building Foundation (ACBF), African Development Bank (ADB), Africa Forum for Agricultural Research (FARA), Africa National Congress (ANC), African Regional technical Assistance Centres (AFRITACs), Africa Union (AU), all 54 Africa countries, apartheid, Evian Famine Action Plan, G8 Africa Action Plan, Highly Indebted Poor Countries (HIPCs), Johannesburg Development Goals (JDGs), Least Developed Countries (LDCs), New Partnership for Africa's Development (NEPAD), Organization of Africa Unity (OAU), United Nations Commission for Africa (ECA)

Exclusions

General references to development and the developing world

Coding Rules

The unit of analysis is the paragraph/sentence. A direct reference to Africa or a cognate term is required. Cognate or extended terms can be used without a direct reference to Africa if they have previously been directly associated together in summit communiqué history.

Conclusions on Africa in G20 Leaders Summit Documents

2008: Washington DC, November 14-15

No references.

2009: London, April 1-2

Global Plan for Recovery and Reform

Ensuring a fair and sustainable recovery for all 25. We are determined not only to restore growth but to lay the foundation for a fair and sustainable world economy...To this end:

• we reaffirm our historic commitment to meeting the Millennium Development Goals and to achieving our respective ODA pledges, including commitments on Aid for Trade, debt relief, and the Gleneagles commitments, especially to **sub-Saharan Africa**;

Declaration on Delivering Resources through the International Financial Institutions For the Multilateral Development Banks (MDBs), we have agreed to support:

• a 200 per cent general capital increase at the Asian Development Bank and reviews of the need for capital increases at the Inter-American Development Bank, the African Development Bank and the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development

2009: Pittsburgh, September 24-25

G20 Leaders Statement: The Pittsburgh Summit

Reforming the Mission, Mandate and Governance of Our Development Banks 22. ...We reaffirm our commitment to ensure that the Multilateral Development Banks and their concessional lending facilities, especially the International Development Agency (IDA) and the African Development Fund, are appropriately funded.

Strengthening Support for the Most Vulnerable

37. We reaffirm our historic commitment to meet the Millennium Development Goals and our respective Official Development Assistance (ODA) pledges, including commitments on Aid for Trade, debt relief, and those made at Gleneagles, especially to **sub-Saharan Africa**, to 2010 and beyond.

39. ...This will help support innovative bilateral and multilateral efforts to improve global nutrition and build sustainable agricultural systems, including programs like those

developed through the **Comprehensive African Agricultural Development Program** (CAADP). It should be designed to ensure country ownership and rapid disbursement of funds, fully respecting the aid effectiveness principles agreed in Accra, and facilitate the participation of private foundations, businesses, and non-governmental organizations (NGOs) in this historic effort. These efforts should complement the UN Comprehensive Framework for Agriculture. We ask the World Bank, the African Development Bank, UN, Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO), International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD), World Food Programme (WFP) and other stakeholders to coordinate their efforts, including through country-led mechanisms, in order to complement and reinforce other existing multilateral and bilateral efforts to tackle food insecurity.

2010: Toronto, September 26-27

The G20 Toronto Summit Declaration

International Financial Institutions and Development

26. We will fulfill our commitment to ensure an ambitious replenishment for the concessional lending facilities of the MDBs, especially the International Development Association and the **African Development Fund**.

Other Issues and Forward Agenda

45. In this regard it is important to work with **Least Developed Countries (LDCs)** to make them active participants in and beneficiaries of the global economic system. Accordinly we thank Turkey for its decision to host the 4th United Nations Conference on the **LDCs** in June 2011.

MDB Financing

5. We have fulfilled our commitment to ensure that the MDBs have appropriate resources through capital increases for the major MDBs, including the Asian Development Bank (AsDB), the African Development Bank (AfDB), the Inter-American Development Bank (IADB), the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD), the World Bank Group, notably the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and the International Finance Corporation (IFC)...

MDB	Capital Increase	Pre-Crisis Annual Lending	New Annual Lending
AfDB	200% increase	\$5.8 B	\$10 B

6. We recognize the acute development needs in **Africa**, the region the furthest behind on the Millennium Development Goals. For this reason, the **African Development Bank** will be capitalized for substantial growth, with a 200% increase in its capital and corresponding tripling of its annual lending levels, to strengthen capacity to support the region's long-term growth and development.

8. In order to support low income countries, given their need to borrow at more concessional terms, we will fulfill our commitment to ensure an ambitious replenishment

for the concessional lending facilities of the MDBs, especially the International Development Association (IDA) and the African Development Fund, which are undergoing financial replenishments this year...

Further Supporting the Needs of the Most Vulnerable

24. There is still an urgency to accelerate research and development to close agricultural productivity gaps, including through regional and South-South cooperation, amidst growing demands and mounting environmental stresses, particularly in Africa...

2010: Seoul, November 11-12

G20 Seoul Summit Leaders' Declaration

15. We welcome the Fourth UN **LDC** Summit in Turkey and the Fourth High-Level Forum on Aid Effectiveness in Korea, both to be held in 2011.

The Seoul Summit Document

Fighting Protectionism and Promoting Trade and Investment

44. ... We note our commitment to at least maintain, beyond 2011, Aid for Trade levels that reflect the average of the last three years (2006 to 2008); to make progress toward duty-free quota-free market access for **least developed country (LDC)** products in line with our Hong Kong commitments, without prejudice to other negotiations, including as regards preferential rules of origin; to call on relevant international agencies to coordinate a collective multilateral response to support trade facilitation; and to support measures to increase the availability of trade finance in developing countries, particularly LICs....

45. We recognize the potential for faster growth in **Africa**, which could be unlocked by **African** plans for deeper regional economic integration. We therefore commit to support the regional integration efforts of **African leaders**, including by helping to realize their vision of a free trade area through the promotion of trade facilitation and regional infrastructure. We call on the MDBs and WTO to collaborate with us in supporting this endeavor.

Seoul Development Consensus for Shared Growth

53. We reaffirm our commitment to achievement of the MDGs and will align our work in accordance with globally agreed development principles for sustainable economic, social and environmental development, to complement the outcomes of the UN High-Level Plenary Meeting on the MDGs held in September 2010 in New York, as well as with processes such as the **Fourth UN LDC Summit in Turkey** and the Fourth High-Level Forum on Aid Effectiveness in Korea, both to be held in 2011...

Consultation

74. Bearing in mind the importance of the G20 being both representative and effective as the premier forum for our international economic cooperation, we reached a broad consensus on a set of principles for non-member invitations to Summits, including that

we will invite no more than five non-member invitees, of which at least two will be countries in Africa.

Annex II: Multi-Year Action Plan on Development Infrastructure

Action 1: Develop Comprehensive Infrastructure Action Plans Information and needs assessment

• Working with developing countries and regional agencies, deliver bankable growth-supporting regional connectivity projects, building on the momentum created by existing initiatives and facilities (e.g., Infrastructure Project Preparation Facility (IPPF), New Partnership for Africa's Development (NEPAD), African Water Facility (AWF) and Asian Infrastructure Financing Initiative (AIFI)). (November 2011)

Trade

- We agree to make progress towards duty-free and quota-free (DFQF) market access for **the least developed country (LDC)** products in line with Hong Kong commitments without prejudice to other negotiations, including as regards preferential rules of origin. We will explore, in collaboration with the relevant international organizations, the scope for further improvement and cooperation among G20 members leading to the implementation of this commitment.
- In order to develop practical measures that can be pursued nationally and regionally to support successful regional trade integration, in particular between **African countries**, we ask the **African Development Bank**, in collaboration with the WTO and MDBs, to identify before the Summit in France the existing obstacles and barriers to regional trade integration in **Africa**. (June 2011)

Private Investment and Job Creation

...We will work with successful existing initiatives such as the UN Global Compact, the Investment Climate Facility for Africa, the World Bank's Annual Doing Business Report and indicators, and the MDG Call to Action.

Domestic Resources Mobilization

Action 1: Support the Development of More Effective Tax Systems

We ask the expanded OECD Task Force on Tax and Development, UN, IMF, World Bank and regional organizations such as the Inter-American Center for Tax Administration and **African** Tax Administration Forum and other relevant organizations to...